mand for the state printing on the ground that he is the legal state printer, Hudson never having been elected. The

Hudson never having been elected. The state executive council was in session this morning considering the matter.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 12.—The state printer contest was intense here at 10 o'clock. The fight had narrowed down to Brown of Kingman and Naugle of Wellington. Jerry Simpson had taken a hand for Naugle, as against Brown. Naugle was supported by Kies and the Sedgwick county members. Brown was Naugle was supported by Kles and the Sedgwick county members. Brown was supported by Harry Landis and Leedy. In this fight lies the fate of the plan to locate a normal school at Wichita. Brown and his friends will turn everything loose if the Sedgwick county influence supports Naugle. The caucus will be held tomorrow night.

A concurrent resolution was introduced by Senator Lewelling to appoint a committee of five from the senate and house to employ an architect and in-

house to employ an architect and in-spect Garfield university building in Wichita, with a view to locating a state normal school, the expenses of the com-mittee and architect to be paid by the citizens of Wichita.

The afternoon sessions of the house and senate completed their preliminary work and adjourned to tomorrow, the senate to 10 o'clock, and the house to 2

TO LET THE BEST MAN WIN Labor Commissioner Aspirants Agree to a Competitive Examination.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 13.—Conon and Shannon of Wyandotte and Costello of Wichita, leading candidates for labor ioner, have agreed to enter a ompetitive examination for the place, JUDICIARY CHAIRMANSHIP Backney is Supposed to Have the Everlast-ing Cluch in it.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 13 .- (Special.)-C. W. Pairchild of Kingman was seen this morning with regard to the fight of the chairmanship of the house judiciary committee. He refused to talk, but it is understood that he has withdrawn his and that Hackney of Weilington will be chairman. Since this has become known Lobdell and Cubbison, who were to go on the committee, have asked to be re-leased from any work in that place.

As far as decided, chairmen of house committees are as follows: Ways and means, Trueblood, of Osage; judiciary, E. T. Hackney, of Winfield; insurance, Davids of Dougless, firstech Logics

Dayle, of Douglass: fivestock, Jaquins, of Cowley; judiciary local and judiciary appointment, Fairchilds, of Kingman. OTHERS WHO WANT THINGS Applicants for State Appointive Offices Wait to be Chosen.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 13.-(Special.)-The matter of appointments is taking up most of the time of the new state officials and will for the next ten days. It is un-derstood that T. C. Frazer of Coffeyville is to be state grain inspector, though W. W. Culver of Great Bend is here in person and, with the help of Senator Arm-strong of the same place, is making a hard pull to be the man. Mr. Culver is considered in every way capable of at-tending to the office and is a strong sec-ond in the effort for the position.

F. J. Davis, adjutant general under Lewelling, wants Governor Leedy to give him he place again, and unless there is some change in the program he will prob

ly get it. W. D. Easterwood of Wyandotte is afw. D. Easterwood of Wyandorte is at-ter the labor commissionership and, while he is making some headway, he has to contest with ex-Congressman John Davis, who, it is said, wants the place as bad as if he had never drawn a salary of \$5,009 a year as a member of the national legislature. There is also Jones of Parsons, who has Lewelling's ent and started in time to beat

There will be three new new members of the state board of education to ap-point, and Superintendent Stryker has announced that there will be one col announced that there will be one col-lege man, one county superintendent and one city superintendent selected. It is thought that Dr. Chester A. Place, of Winfield college, will be the first new

And How the Senatorial Scenes are Ever-more Being Shifted.

four hours than at any time since the opening of the fight. Breidenthal's little has settled down, and the impression is current that Colonel Harris is moving up in the race. It is thought that the Democratic members of the legislature, who are now insisting that they should have this place, will go to Harris if they fail to unite on a man, which is very probable. At this time it does not appear that the Democrats will be able to get together on their candidate unless Martin and Overmyer should voluntarity withdrawn in support of Atwood, which is simply out of the question, speaking from a Democratic standpoint, If Kies of Wichita and Nauele of Welingion should, in return for a tip on the from the Fourth and Seventh congressional districts to Harris, the northeas Breidenthal and Harris forces would, in avenues. he event of either alone being honeles ly unable to win, unite against the Den on and Lewelling men and, with a lit-lift from Peffer's bitter enemies in the mining sections in the southeast proof the state, be able to pull the confedent s reasonably certain that the senatorial



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper ef forts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts— rightly directed. There is comfort in rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual dis-ease, but simply to a constipated condi-tion of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs. prompt-ly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its bene-ficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine artiele, which is manufactured by the Cali fornia Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by stable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Sigs stands highest and is most largely daudgives most general satisfaction | ed. - Buffalo Times.

That Pleasing Paralyzing Pie!

How good it looks! How good it is! And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of Pill after Pie? Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pie will please and not paralyze.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills CURE DYSPEPSIA.

and state printer fight will be settled at last with a combination deal, unless W. L. Brown of Kingman can go into the state printer caucus with enough votes to rominate him over all opposition. So far, Brown has made a hard, clean fight necessary to contract some obligations in the senatorial vote. Peffer apparently has no show of winning. His only hope is in getting the vote of one side or the other of the two other factions. There is a probability that a long, bitter fight may drive the vote to him as the easiest and quickest solution of the matter. Peffer men started the argument today that to turn him down would put the party in the light of rebuking one of its most faithful leaders, and would cause a rupture of party management in this state, which, they claim, means a Republican victory in 1898.

Judge Dennison's friends are working Judge Dennison's friends are working away quarity and rather effectively. Judge McKay's interview in these dispatches yesterday stated the only objection to Mr. Dennison, but his opponents are making that count.

There was talk of a dark horse from

theast Kansas last night and one of two Democratic and one Populist mem-ber thought successful plans were laid to oring his namea nd send him in at one round. They refused to disclose his name, nowever, and to people away off it might do to say that it was Dunsmore, though no one who has ever seen the "bald hor-net" light up his face with a real thought would ever accuse him of being born within a thousand miles of a senator-

Ed. Little is as yet making no fight. John Madden comes up from Emporia every other day but he never thinks of his senatorial chances unless some one obtrudes the mention. Mr. Madden is a very genial gentieman and if he should become senator he could present the galleries a face that has the appearance of being able to work off a declamation with good elecutionary effect.

Altogether, the situation is largely a matter of conjecture and, although somewhat accurately outlined in the above, it may break and settle on entire-ly different lines before this time tomor-

One Secret of Longevity!

Those anxious to prolong this rapid transitory existence of ours beyond the average span should foster his digestion, negatively, by abstaining from indiscretions in diet, and affirmatively by the use of that peerless stomachic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, when he experiences symptoms of indigestion. The impairment of the digestive function is fatal to vigor. Subdue with the Bitters, also fever and ague, billiousness and constipation.

FIRE AT KIDGFISHER, O. T. Firebugs Blamed With the Blaze, Which is a Very Costly One.

PEFFER. DENNISON AND OTHERS and How the Senstorial Scenes are Eyermore Being Shifted.

Topeka, Kan, Jan. 13.—(Special.)—
Tumors of all sorts of combinations on Upited States senator were in circulation here this morning, and there has been more shifting of deals in the last twenty-four heurs than at any time department was powerless to unteer fire department was powerless to cope with the flames. Firebugs are supposed to have originated the recent since the proceeds from the sale of sta-South Enid fires, and Kingfisher people believe the fire tonight was started by he same parties.

At midnight the fire was practically under control. The loss then estimated was at over \$50,000, but daylight may show it to be in excess of this amount.

BUCEN'SKL ARNICA SALVE. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fe ver Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chil-blains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay re quired. It is guaranteed to give per satisfaction or money refunded. P 25 cents per box. For sale at Geo. Van Werden's Pharmacy, 328 North Main street, and G. Gehring's drug store, northeast corner Topeka and Douglas

GIVEN OUT VERY COLD That Sherman is to be McKinley's Secre

Washington, Jan. 13.—The Associated ress is able to authoritatively announce Press is able to authoritatively announce that Mr. McKinley has tendered the state

ortfolio to Senator John Sherman of thio, and that that distinguished Buckye statesman has accepted and will be the premier of the incoming administra-

day refused to discuss the report that e would be secretary of state in the Mc-kinley cabinet, remarking when the report dispatch was read to him making er conjectures they see fit; I have nothng to say."

Growing girls do not always appreciate that it is while they are growing that they are forming their figures for after life. Drooping the shoulders a little more every day, dropping the head as one walks, standing unevenly, so that one hip sinks more than the other -all these defects, easily corrected now, will be five times as hard in five years, and 25 times as hard in ten years. A graceful, easy carriage and in erect, straight figure are a pleasure to beholder and possessor.-Albany

Select potatoes of uniform size, pare and cut into long oval shape. Cook n boiling salted water until nearly lender. Mix one-fourth cupful of sugar with one-fourth cupful of butter, and nelt in one-half cupful of hot water. Arrange the potatoes in a granite ware mn. Moisten with the sugar mixture. let them into the oven and baste often with this sirup. Cook until they are sovered with a rich brown glaze, but

to not let them burn .- Good House-

Glazed Sweet Potato.s

Police Magistrate-I would not like to think, prisoner, that you attempted suicide. Yet witnesses testify they saw you on the pier a minute before the accident. But why did you go off-Tankey-Ish the ol' story-hie-1

s'pose I didn't know I wash-hie-load-

(Continued from First Page.)

territories of the Union. The total schol-astic population of the territory for the year 1895 is given at 85,636, an increase year 1895 is given at \$5,636, an increase over the preceding year of 7,866, or about ten per cent. For the year ending June 30,1896, the scholastic population is reported at \$8,507, an increase of 2,371, or about three per cent over that for 1895. The superintendent estimates that the increase from now on will average about five per cent per annum.

five per cent per annum.

In the matter of attendance on the public schools the data given indicates public schools the data given indicates that much porgress has been made. During the year 1895 57,674 pupils were enrolled in the public free schools, this number representing about 68 per cent of the scholastic population. During the year ending June 30, 1896, 63,686 pupils year ending June 30, 1835, 63,586 pupils entered the public schools, representing 71 per cent of the number of children of school age in the territory. During the year 1893, 33 per cent were enrolled and during 1894, 65 per cent. These figures speak for themselves and indicate very clearly the progress that has been made. clearly the progress that has been made

TERRITORIAL UNIVERSITY. The report from the board of regents the territorial university is tran ed herewith, marked "Exhibit E." It is a matter of congratulation that he terriand kept shy of any deal, but it is generally understood by insiders that his opponents are trying to line up and deal him out, and to do this it may become necessary to contract some obligations in the senatorial vote. Peffer apparently his no show of winning. His only hope always be kept well to the front and the interview of the properties of the senatorial vote. university receive, as I feel assured it al-ways will, the hearty suport of the legis-lature and the people.

TERRITORIAL NORMAL SCHOOL The report of the territorial normal school may be found with the report of the superintendent of public instruction to whom by law the president of the nor-mal echool is required to report. The report shows the normal school to be in a flourishing condition, well equipped, hav-ing an excellent faculty and a large at-tendance of young men and women pre-paring for work in the schools of the territory. No effort should be spared to make the normal school the best in the land and through it to ultimately sunland and through it to ultimately sup-ply a teacher, thoroughly trained, for every school district in the territory. The colored students of the territory

The colored students of the territory have not attended the normal school, not desiring to cause friction by presenting the mixed-school question, and I deem it not only just and right but an imperative duty incumbent on the territory to provide proper facilities for educating colored students and supplying the colored schools of the territory with well trained and efficient teachers. I would, therefore, expressly recommend that a therefore, earnestly recommend that a branch normal school for their educa-tion be established at some convenient point in the territory, and that an appro-priation amole to put the same into im-mediate operation be made.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANI-CAL COLLEGE. I herewith transmit the report of the board of regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical college of Oklahoma, which is marked "Exhibit G." from which it will appear that the institution has made commendable progress in the two years past and is serving a very useful pur-pose, not only educating the sons of farmers to a better knowledge of literature but has been a great aid to the practical farmer. Every effort is being made to bring the institution into closer relations to the farmer and put the results of sci-entific investigation in his hands for use

in his everyday work. I desire to call the attention of the legislature to the important fact that the United States has not undertaken to supply all the funds which are needed in inply all the funds which are needed in investigation in agriculture, buildings, etc.; and as the institution now stands in need of rooms for botanical, chemical and zo-clogical laboratories, a suitable green-house, and possibly a few other buildings, and as the Hatch act provides for the expenditure of only \$750 per year for the biuldings, which is obviously in-adequate for the needs of the growing

tutes and reports have fallen far below what was anticipated and the proceeds have proven inadequate to meet the necessary expenses of this department. Your attention is invited to a joint resolution now pending in congress for the appropriation of \$5,000 for the purchase of books for the territorial library. I trust that an appropriation adequate to meet the growing needs of the library and to provide rooms for the same, may be made by the legislature.

No report having been filed by the ad-jutant general, I am not prepared to make as extended a report of our mili-tia as I would like and believe them en-

VETERINARY SURGEON. By act of the third legislative assembly, published as chapter 50 of the ses-sion laws of 1885, veretinary surgery was made a department of the Agricultural and Mechanical college and an experienced person was elected to fill that place. The principal object of this en-actment was to provide for the estabviolation. The report of the veterinary surgeon is berewith transmitted mark-

An elaborate report of the territorial board of heaith is herewith transmitted

pie of the territory. THE INSANE.

The third legislative assembly passed an act, published as Chapter 30, Session Laws of 1895, authorizing the governor to contract with responsible individuals or a private corporation, for the care and treatment of the insane within the territreatment of the insane within the territory, for a term not exceeding three
years from the 15th day of June, 1895.
Under authority of this statute a contract was entered into with the Oklahoma Sanitarium company, a private conporation. This company established an
institution at Norman and furnished a
building with all the modern conveniences and has given the insane, I think,
better freatment than they received with ences and has given the insane, I think, better treatment than they received with out the territory. The patints, at that time confined at Jacksonville, Ill., were transferred to Norman and have been carel for there since that date. Under this contract there has been a saving of the transportation which would have been a large item in the two years past; besides, the large amount of money necessary for the suport of these people has been expended within the territory. The present contract expires June 15, 1898. As that is before the convening of the next legislature, it will be necessary to make provisions for the care of the insane after that date or authorize the making of a new contract.

a new contract.

The report of the superintendent, together with some recommendations as to a change in the law is herewith submitted and marked "Exhibit 0." From this report it will be seen that there are at present 126 persons in this institution.

I recommend that each county be required to pay the expenses of transportation of their insane to the asylum, in-

stead of the territory.

The act referred to also authorized the governor to contract for the care of the deaf and dumb, but no appropriation was made to enable this authority to be exercised. Nothing could be done under it. Appropriation should be made to care for this class of the unfortunate, as well as the unfortunate blind.

PRISONERS. The prisoners of the territory are con-fined, under contract, in the Kansas state penitentiary, located at Lansing. The price paid by the territory for the main-tenance of each prisoner is 25 cents per day and the territory pays for the trans-portation of the prisoners to the peniten-tiary, also furnishes the prisoner when discharged a suit of clothes valued at \$20 and \$5 in money. It appears from the re-port of the warden, marked "Exhibit P." that he has now in his charge 113 prisoners from this territory. I desire to re-new the recommendation made to the last legislative assembly that some pro vision be made for allowing prisoners credit on their terms of sentence on ac-count of good behavior. Such an enactment is to be found in the statutes of almost every state in the Union. It encour-ages good conduct, and I recommend that you promptly pass an act of this charac-

REPRIEVES, COMMUTATIONS AND PARDONS

As required by section 5510, chapter 60, of the statute, there is transmitted herewith, marked "Exhibit Q." a statement of the reprieves, commutations and par-dons granted during the two years last past. In explanation of the extent of this for the expenditure of only \$100 per year for the buildings, which is obviously inadequate for the needs of the growing station, I would recommend that at least the sproper to state that in nearly every instance the pardon was granted near the expiration of the term, and in the term of the prison and on the report of the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and on the report of the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and on the report of the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and on the report of the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and on the report of the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and the time when the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and the time when the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison and the territorial librarian account of the good behavior of the prison account of the good behavior of the good behavio INCORRIGIBLE YOUTH.

governor, until such time as a reform school should be established in the terri-tory, to contract with the proper authorities of some other state or territory for the punishment and education of youthful offenders and incorrigible youths under I the age of sixteen years. Quitt an extensive correspondence was carried on in the endeavor to make a contract as spec-ified in this law, but it was discovered that the statutes of the several states ohibit the authorities of the several institutions contracting for the keeping of well I did not deem it advisable, as the exment held at Guthrie in October last. I contract. If this act was changed so as feel assured that, with their splendid to authorize the making of a contract organization, they will prove equal to any emergency which might arise at any time within the territory.

fenders.
FREE HOME LEAGUE. By act of the Third legislative assembly \$500 was appropriated to the Free Home that ration, a report of the expenditure of which is herewith transmitted marked "Exhibit R." The object of this organ actment was to provide for the establishment of a guarantine line and to protect the stock-growing interests of the
territory. This enactment has in the
main proved satisfactory and great good
has resulted therefrom, still the law is
imperfect and should be remodeled so as
to provide afequate punishment for its
violation. The report of the veterinary
violation. The report of the veterinary
have to deal is of greater importance
than this and perhaps upon no other does than this and perhaps upon no other does surgeon is berewith transmitted marked "Exhibit J."

COAL OIL INSPECTOR.

By act of the third legislative assembly the office of coal oil inspector was created. I herewith transmit the first blennial report of the inspector appointmental property and the people of the territory by the present laws of the territory for several years to come will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the treasury of the United States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments into the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united States which will be sapped to meet payments the united S created. I herewith transmit the first blennial report of the inspector appointed under said act, marked "Exhibit K." It seems that he working of this law has been hereficial in the main, still there is serious defect in the statute, in that oils that have been inspected and found below the test prescribed by law, are permitted to be sold, although they are branded by the inspector as rejected. It is recommended that section if of the act be amended so as to problibit the saie of rejected oils and prescribe proper penalties for its violation.

TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

An elaborate report of the territorial

An elaborate report of the territorial board of health is herewith transmitted and marked "Exhibit L." and your thoughtful consideration is invited to the same. Your attention is called to the recommendation for the amendment of section 52 of the Okiahoma statutes, As fee laws now stand there are two ways of becoming registered in order to be embry the solution of the expression was to work in connection with similar commissioners for the promotion of uniformity of legislation in the United States. The laudable object of this committed to practice medicine in the territories. It is earnestly recommended that you give early attention to proper legislation to the latest the commission as to work in connection with similar commissions in other states and torry. One is to present a other is to sub-mark to an examination before the board of examiners. It seems to be desirable that only competent persons should be permitted to practice medicine and in or local that only competent persons should be permitted to practice medicine and in or local that only competent persons should be permitted to practice medicine and in or local that only competent persons should be a said by certain colleges, standard the commission as a commission as the work of the same laws governor was attention to propor legislation and the various states and territories in the United States will be asked to enact the same laws governor was although the comment of the expression of the expression to the territories in the connection of the expression o UNIFORMITY OF LEGISLATION.

ations for changes in the existing lawe are made to which your attention is respectfully invited.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The report of the condition of the historical society marked "Exhibit N" is herewith transmitted. The report shows many valuable collections made in the two years past and much historical matter preserved which would otherwise have been lost. The territory is to be congratulated upon having thus early in its history begun the preservation of matter which in many states was entirely lost. Complete flies of newspapers have been kept and a very interesting and valuable collection of Indian relies, tribal history and general information as to Indians has been made which will make an interesting chapter in the history of Okiahoma. A liberal appropriation for the maintenance of this society will certainly commend itself to the people of the territory. and would insure a more adequate and just assessment of property throughout the territory.

RECOMMENDATIONS. It is earnestly recommended that Chapter 26 of the session laws be emud-ed as to make the law effective, and to protect the game and fish within the ter-ritory. It is suggested that provision for a game warden, without salary except the penalties that might be collected the penalties that might be collected from persons violating the law, would be an easy solution of the question.

The statute authorizing the district judges to appoint attorneys to defend pauper criminals and making the county liable for the fees should be repealed, so far as the liability of the county is concerned.

Chapter 7, entitled "Bank Depositors," should be so amended as to require from all private banking institutions in the all private banking institutions in the territory a sworn statement from the president or cashier showing the finan-cial condition of the bank, at least twice a year, on the call of the governor,

twice a year, on the call of the governor, and proper penalties should be provided to make the provision effective.

Section 2900 of Article 2, Chapter 36 of the statute should be amended so as to require the payment into the territorial freasury, in addition to the fees therein prescribed, by every corporation granted a charter by the seretary of the territory, or a permit to do business in the ritory or a permit to do business in the territory, a minimum fee of \$25, the maximum to be determined by the amount of the capital stock of the company, excepting from payment of this fee charitable, benevolent, educational and religious corporations. That Chapter 44 be so amended as to

compel insurance companies to pay the face value of policies in case of total loss without regard to the two-thirds

Section 3142. Chapter 47, prescribing the amount of saloon license, should be amended so as to provide for the payment of the same license into the territorial treasury by every retail and wholesale liquor dealer in the territory. That Chapter 54 be so amended as to limit the number of notaries public in each county and to provide for the case. each county and to provide for the pay-ment into the territorial treasury for each notary commission a fee of \$2. each notary commission a fee of \$2.

That county commissioners should be prohibited from changing township lines or the lines of election precincts within six months next preceding any general

That taxes should all be paid in cash and treasurers should be required to redeem warrants in the order of registration, and proper penalties should be prescribed for violation of the provision.

The provisions of the election law of The provisions of the election law of the territory are not well adapted to the conditions existing here. The statute should be so amended as to be simplified and made less expensive and cumbersome. If a voter should indicate his choice of candidates on the ballot by an indellible neposit in place of the replace. indelible pencil in place of the rubber stamp, there would be much less com-plaint of mutilated ballots. It is bardly necessary to suggest that the proviso in Section 6, Chapter 23 of the session laws should be repealed. Your attention is called to the fact

that at least in two counties of the ter-ritory, the court house has been destroy-ed by fires since the last election, the records destroyed, and that in those counties there are no jury lists. It is earnestly urged that provision be made for supplying this loss

lord and tenant act, giving equal pro-tection to the landlord and tenant, PAR VALUE. \$1.00 PER SHARE

There is no provision in our laws pro-viding for the organization of new counties. A well considered enactment providing for the organization of new counties, providing the term of office. counties, providing the term of office, and how the offices shall be filled until the ensuing general election, would avoid much confusion and expense. Greer county was organized as a county is Oklahoma territory in May, 1896. This was after the taxing period, as fixed by the statute of the territory, but immediately after the organization of the county, the officers proceeded to assess the county for taxation for county and territorial purposes for the year 1896, fixing the value of the property as of the 1st day of February, the period prescribed by the statute, and complied with the law as nearly as they were able. Still there were irregularities in the assessment, which would probably defeat the collection of taxes by a proceeding in court, and a suit has been indiately after the organization of the defeat the collection of taxes by a pro-ceeding in court, and a suit has been in-stituted to enjoin the collection of taxes; but the principal plaintiffs in this suit are non-residents of Green county and the territory of Oklahoma, who graze stock in that country. These parties did not pay any taxes for the year 1895, nor have they paid taxes on their property for the year 1896. Most of the residents of Greer county have paid their taxes. It is earnestly urged that a law be ed providing for the re-assessing or cur-ing of the defects that may have occur-red in the listing and assessment of the property for taxation in such cases as

That Chapter 17 should be so amended as to make railroad companies failing to fence their right-of-way, liable for all fence their right-of-way, liable for all stock killed by the running of trains, without regard to the question of negligence in the management of said trains. While I am opposed to class legislation and discrimination by law against any person or class of persons. I beg to suggest for your careful consideration the fact that the statutes of the territory do not properly define the liabilities and obligations of certain corporations doing business in the territory, and tions doing business in the territory, and the rights of the people doing business with them. A well considered act on this subject would meet my hearty ap-

It is futher suggested that the publi service would be improved by a law making it a misdemeanor for any rail-road company to give or any public of-ficial, federal, territorial, county or city, to accept or use, free transporta-tion within the territory. To better protect the cotton growing

interests of the Territory it is recom-mended that a law be passed regulating the weighing of cotton and to prevent fraudulent packing and balling and to

BEWARE OF FAKE CURES.

Take Paine's Celery Compound if You Need a True Remedy.

Do Not Allow a Salesman to Palm Off Any Substitute,

Health is too Precious to Listen to the Preaching of Quacks.

Paine's Celery Compound Makes the Sick Well Again.

The Wonderful Prescription That Results From the Life Work of America's Greatest Physician, Investigator and Practitioner.

to often plausible, ramblings of traders in patent medicines.

When Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., L.L. D., of Darthmouth college, after a long life of study in the most recent scientific investigation of disease, evolves the marvelous formula of Paine's celery compound makes people well. These other things work harm. Paine's celery compound is not a patchesest possible observance by the best ly to every physician.

These trassly stuffs that you are asked to but are made up of ingredients that practitioners it is found that this greatest remedy of our generation not only does all, but even accomplishes more than the modest doctor—the giant among men that he has proved to bemore than he was willing at first to claim—when thousands of sufferers in every walk of life, sufferers from the allments that come from overwork, deranged digestive organs, impaired nervous systems, too poor or too rich living, inattention to bygienic laws, have been absolutely restored to health by Paine's celery compound, after vainly trying every other possible remedy, and being dosed by well meaning but incompetent so-called physicians.

These trashy stuffs that you are asked to buy are made up of ingredients that should rever be taken into a sick atomatch. These ordinary nervines, tonics and sample with Paine's celery compound than a glimmering candle is to be compared with the wonderful modern search light. If a person needs a true nerve tonic, a real blood purifier, a reliable diurctle, that will restore strength, renew vitality, regulate the kidneys, liver and bowels and make one well, let that person try his or her first bottle of Paine's celery compound and mark the wonderful result!

F. Shrady, America's first rurgeon, distinctly says, in which people seem to need calightenment at present more than they have for many years past.

"This is the rational appreciation of the danger of quackery and fake cures."
Dr. Shrady's article in the New York World of Dec. 27 should be read by every man and woman who is ever inclined to listen to the nonsensical, but too often plausible, ramblings of traders too often plausible, ramblings of traders in patent medicines.

When Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D.. compound he must not be wheedled into

THE-

Midnight Extension Mining Company

CAPITALIZATION, 1,000,000 SHARES.

Stock in Treasury, 480,000 Shares.

We own six claims, covering an area of 72 acres in the Keystone Mining District of Taos County, New Mexico, the best mining district in the world by reason of its inexhaustible supply of freemilling ore. We have expended \$2,000.00 in development work. Have struck pay ore in one of our claims. This will make the company a divided-payer shortly after we have been enabled to erect a stamp mill. You cannot lose money with us, but will get magnificent returns for every dollar invested. Titles to our properties are perfect and may, as well as our books, be inspected by every stockholder in our office at any time.

The directors of this company have decided to place on the market a limited number of shares at the very low figure of 2 1-2 cents per share-\$2.50 per hundred, \$25.00 per thousand. Smallest number of shares sold, one hundred. Remember that this offer is limited as our stock will undoubtedly sell for many times its present figure in a short time. For further particulars call for prospectus at our office, 316 East Douglas Avenue, Wichita, Kansas.

B. F. DUNN, Secretary and Treasurer.



A Cure For a Lame Back

"My daughter, when recovering from an attack of fever, was a great sufferer from pain in the back and hips," writes Louden Grover of Sardis, Ky. "After out any benefit she tried one battle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and it has given entire relief. "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. Sold by druggists.

this end in view let us invoke the sufficient company operate humber yards at filterand guidance of Him who is the source of all wisdom. W. C. RENFROW.

Marmette Wis. Jan. II.—A sudden move ment of the Le in Green Bay has carded. ties and note on the ice. It is reported that

> London, Eng., Jan. 11.-It seems to be actited that the longest reign celebration will be known as the diamond jubiles, for the Prince of Wales has set the seal of royal approved upon the term by the use of this description in a speech. The preparations will soon begin

A small measure of potatoes, four eggs, four tablespoonfuls of flour, two teaspoonfule of salt, two cups of holi-ing milk. Grate potatoes and drain through a cloth until free from juice; then add the eggs and milk; next the four, and last of all, the salt. Pry in boiling-hot lard .- N. Y. Ledger,

Onface Rell.
Make a rich biscult dough. Boll out s piece about one-quarter of an inch thick, spread the surface with a rick uince sauce or preserves mashed fine. Do not spread too near the edges. Put on a plate and steam one hour. - Ladies